## CALCULATING AND COUNTING RHYMES <br> Teaching notes <br> Lesson 2: SOLVING PROBLEMS

| $13^{\text {th }}$ session: How many altogether? |  |
| :--- | :--- |$|$| -To begin to use the vocabulary involved in adding, in <br> practical activities. |
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| - To begin to record simple mental additions in a |
| number sentence using the + and = signs. |
| - To work on social skills. |


|  | ones or a two. Finally, the teacher writes down the <br> addition. How many did we have at the beginning? How <br> many did we add next? How many do we have <br> altogether?. Any time a child gets a number that can <br> not be calculated to ten, we reject the number and <br> pass the die on. <br> To make the game more difficult you can play 'Make <br> ten' <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ activity: <br> Let's solve some additions <br> (additions_dice_ppt) (additions_dice_smartboard) <br> First, watch the power point presentation to solve <br> some addition calculations. Then, use the smart board <br> to solve more additions <br> Introduce these three different ways of reading the |
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| numbers sentences: |  |
| -3 plus 5 makes 8 altogether. |  |
| -3 add 5 is eight. |  |
|  | -3 add 5 equals 8. | | Key vocabulary needed: |
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| LANGUAGE |
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